

Year Subject

## **Physical Education**



Term	Date	Focus	Summary	Learning Outcomes
	02/01/23	Biomechanic movement	Biomechanical principles	To idenitfy three laws of linerar motion and apply to sporting examples
		Sport Psychology	Group Dynamics	To apply theories associated with concepts that effect performance
	09/01/23	Biomechanic movement		To define the scalars sped and distance giving equations and units of measurement
		Sport Psychology		To apply theories associated with concepts that effect performance
	16/01/23	Biomechanic movement Sport Psychology	Angular motion Attribution theory	To define cenre of mass and identify factors affecting stability
				To discuss strategies that can be used to overcome negative effects pf psychological performance
	23/01/23	Biomechanic movement Sport Psychology	Projectile motion Self Efficacy and confidence	State three classes of lever and give examples of their use in body
				To understand factors which promote confidence in sport by looking at theories of Bandura and Vealey
	30/01/23	Biomechanic movement	Fluid mechanics	To identify the mechanical advantage and disadvantage of each class lever
	20,02,20	Sport Psychology	Leadership	To examine the role of sports leaders and the factors that influence leadership style
	06/02/23	Biomechanic movement  Sport Psychology	Stress Mangement	To discuss the methods coaches can use to reduce stress in the performer, including somatic and cognitive
	13/02/23			
	20/02/23	Biomechanic movement  Sport Psychology  Sport and Society	1 * * *	Understanding different methods used in injury prevention, rehabilitation and recovery.  Atkinson's Model
				Characteristics of personality components of
			of injury	achievement motivation.
			Aggression in sport Ethics in Sport	Impact of situational component
				The social and psychological reasons behind elite performers using illegal drugs and doping methods
<b>~</b> I				to aid performance.
Term 2				Physiological reasons for methods used in injury rehabilitation (hyperbaric chambers and
	27/02/23	Biomechanic movement Sport Psychology Sport and Society	Injury prevention and the rehabilitation of injury  Aggression in sport  Violence in Sport	cryotherapy).  Achievement goal theory – incentive value and
				probability of success.
				Strategies to develop approach behaviours leading to improvement
				The physiological effects of drugs on the performer
				and their performance.  Physiological reasons for methods used in injury rehabilitation (hyperbaric chambers and
	06/03/23	Biomechanic movement Sport Psychology Sport and Society	Injury prevention and the rehabilitation of injury  Motivation in sport  Violence in Sport	cryotherapy).
				Social facilitation and
				inhibition (Zajonc's Model).
				Evaluation apprehension.
				The positive and negative implications to the sport
				and the performer of drua takina.

13/03/23	Sport Psychology Sport and Society	Injury prevention and the rehabilitation of injury Achievement motivation Drugs in Sport	Physiological reasons for methods used in injury rehabilitation (hyperbaric chambers and cryotherapy).  Social facilitation and inhibition (Zajonc's Model).  Evaluation apprehension.  The positive and negative implications to the sport and the performer of drua takina.
20/03/23	Biomechanic movement Sport Psychology Sport and Society	chambers and cryotherapy).  Achievement goal theory – incentive value and	Importance of sleep and nutrition for improved recovery.  Strategies to eliminate the adverse effects of social facilitation and inhibition in performance.+H24  Strategies for elimination of performance enhancing drugs in sport. Arguments for and against drug taking and testing.