

Key Stage 4 Curriculum Map 2020 - 2021

Term 1

Subject: Psychology	Year: 11	
Focus/Topic	UAE Links	Home Learning / Reading
 What is Psychology? Introductory lesson: The Stanford Prison study, Zimbardo Baseline assessment 	How does Crime/prison system differ between UAE and USA/UK?	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-3iOrvvWiLY
Topic 1: Memory: How memories are encoded and stored: Understand the processes of memory: encoding (input), storage, and retrieval (output).	Consider your first memory of Dubai.	Textbook: Check it page 13 Textbook: Check it page 15
The different types of memory: episodic, semantic and procedural.	Apply memories of Dubai to episodic and semantic memory	https://learndojo.org/gcse/aqa-psychology/memory/ Textbook: Check it page 17
 The multi-store model of memory: sensory, short term and long term. Features of each store: coding, capacity, duration. 	What is a model? Apply the model representation of Dubai metro line to the multi store model of the brain Apply features of the Dubai metro system to the features of multi store model	https://www.simplypsychology.org/multi- store.html Textbook: Check it page 19

 Primacy and recency effects in recall: the effects of serial position. Murdock's serial position curve study. 	Memory quiz, words related to UAE	https://www.simplypsychology.org/primacy- recency.html Textbook: Check it page 21		
PC 1 assessment				
Half Term				
 The Theory of Reconstructive Memory, including the concept of 'effort after meaning'. Bartlett's War of the Ghosts study 		https://www.psychologywizard.net/reconstructive- memory-ao1-ao2-ao3.html Textbook: Check it page 23		
Factors affecting the accuracy of memory, including interference, context and false memories	https://gulfnews.com/uae/three-people-killed-in- four-vehicle-car-accident-in-dubai-1.71481230	https://www.simplypsychology.org/forgetting.html Textbook: Check it page 25 Textbook: Check it page 27 Textbook: Check it page 29		
End of topic assessment				
The difference between sensation and perception.		Textbook: Check it page 41		
 Binocular depth cues: retinal disparity, convergence. Monocular depth cues: height in plane, relative size, occlusion and linear perspective 	Describe depths cues related to photograph of the burj khalifa	Textbook: Check it page 43		
Explanations for visual illusions: ambiguity, misinterpreted depth cues, fiction, size constancy.	Discuss pictures of examples of illusions that can be found in Dubai museum of illusions	Textbook: Check it page 45		

 Examples of visual illusions: the Ponzo, the Müller-Lyer, Rubin's vase, the Ames Room, the Kanizsa triangle and the Necker cube. 				
 Gibson's direct theory of perception – that the real world presents sufficient information for direct perception without inference. Role of motion parallax in everyday perception. 	Would a baby crawl off the side of the Dubai frame if you let it? Or would they realise that there was a steep drop?	Textbook: Check it page 47		
To investigate Gregorys constructivist theory of perception		Textbook: check it page 49		
Revision/ Progress check				
Winter Break				